**Running a call**

-Personal Safety: Personal Protective Equipment **PPE** ( gloves, n-95 mask, gown etc. )

Body Substance Isolation **BSI:** Keep Blood, mucus, fecal mater etc. off of yourself and others at the scene. Do not contaminate yourself or others.

**The best way to help stop the spread of infection is to wash your hands**

-Scene Safety: Questions to ask yourself. Is the scene safe for the rescuer to enter? Are there obvious signs of an accident? ( ie car crash, explosion ) Can you reach the victim without putting yourself at any risk? If you have to move the victim what are your own personal limitations

**Primary Survey**- done to determine any major threats to life

 **ALWAYS MAINTAIN ABC**

 **A**irway

 **B**reathing

 **C**irculation

-Asses responsiveness: **tap and shout**

 **If Pulseless and Breathless Proceed to CPR**

 -Determine Level of Consciousness **LOC**

4 questions: What is your name?

 What happened?

 Where are you?

 About What time is it?

 -Medical vs. Trauma

 Determined while asking **LOC** questions

 May include input from scene safety evaluation

 Different mode of thinking and course of action for Medical and Trauma

**Secondary Survey**- Done to create a brief patient history and reveal any additional underlying signs and/or symptoms a patient may be experiencing.

-in order to perform a secondary survey you must palpate the patient in a systematic way from head to toe. Using your hands, check for wounds using the acronym **DOTS.**

 **D**eformity

 **O**pen injuries

 **T**enderness

 **S**welling

Look and listen for your patient’s reaction. Are they wincing with pain? Are they “guarding” an arm or limping. Do you hear  **Crepitus**: the grating sound when fractured bones rub against each other. Treat as Necessary.

Creating a patient history for Advanced medical Personnel is important if you have time and there are no major risks to life. Do so using the Acronym **SAMPLE**

 **S**igns and syptoms

 **A**llergies

 **M**edications

 **P**ast pertinent medical conditions

 **L**ast oral intake

 **E**vents leading to present illness/ injury